

5th Grade Language Arts Competencies and Progressions

5th Grade Language Arts Quarter 2

The purpose of this document is to clarify what students should know and be able to do each grading period.

The **Competencies** listed in the table below are developed from the Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills (TEKS) for that grade level. The chart defines which quarter the Competency is reported (Q1 = Grading Period 1, Q2 = Grading Period 2, etc.)

Teachers will report on the competencies using the **Learning Progressions** which are comprised of four proficiency levels (developing (DV), progressing (PG), proficient (PG) and advanced (AV)) and defines the knowledge and skills students will master on their pathway to proficiency. The Learning Progressions for each Competency are below the yearlong outline of the Competencies. Following the Learning Progression are the Competency Success Criteria which define what a student knows and is able to do related to that competency at the end of a unit or quarter.

Students who receive a mark of "**Proficient**" meet the grade level expectation for that Competency.

| Competencies | | | Q 3 | Q 4 |
|---|---|---|-----|-----|
| C1—Writing Literary Texts The student uses literary characteristics and craft to compose literary texts using the writing process. | x | x | | х |
| C2—Writing Informational Texts The student uses informational characteristics and craft to compose informational texts using the writing process. | | х | х | x |
| C3—Edits Own Writing The student edits their own writing for grade appropriate conventions. | х | X | х | х |



Learning Progression for Competency 1: Writing Literary Texts

The student uses literary characteristics and craft to compose literary texts using the writing process.

| Developing | Progressing | Proficient | Advanced |
|-------------------------------|--|---|---|
| Uses a writing process | Uses a writing process | Uses a writing process | Meets all of proficient and |
| Stays focused on the story | Explains purpose to others, keeping the reader in mind | Chooses a message to share as their purpose | Builds tension or suspense for the reader |
| Follows a narrative plot | | Explains their message to others | |
| structure, including conflict | Stays focused on the story and | | Studies organizational patterns from |
| and resolution | their purpose | Stays focused on the story and their message | mentor texts and tries them out in their writing (non-linear elements |
| | Follows a narrative plot structure including: | Follows a narrative plot structure including:rising action | such as flashback) |
| | introduction | • climax | |
| | rising action | falling action | |
| | • climax | resolution | |
| | falling action | | |
| | resolution | Develops characters, setting, and plot | |
| | • conclusion | throughout the rising action and climax | |
| | | Includes an | |
| | | introduction that quickly engages reader in the story. | |
| | | the storyconclusion that brings it to a logical | |
| | | • conclusion that brings it to a logical conclusion | |

Success Criteria for Writing Literary Texts:

The student can:

- use a writing process to compose a literary piece.
- select own topic to write about.
- choose and share a message as the purpose for writing.
- explain a message to an audience.
- stay focused on the story and message.



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| Developing | Progressing | Proficient | Advanced | | |
|--|--|------------|----------|--|--|
| follow a narrative plot structure. | | | | | |
| develop characters throughout the rising action and climax in piece. | | | | | |
| include an introductio | include an introduction that quickly engages the reader. | | | | |
| include a logical conclusion | include a logical conclusion. | | | | |



Learning Progression for Competency 2: Writing Informational Texts The student uses informational characteristics and craft to compose informational texts using the writing process. Progressing Developing Proficient Advanced Uses a writing process Uses a writing process Uses a writing process Meets all of proficient and... Loses focus on a topic Stays focused on a topic, attempting Chooses a purpose for writing, keeping Studies organizational patterns in a central idea the reader in mind mentor texts and tries them out in Includes their writing Stays focused on a central idea supporting details Includes ٠ Categorizes information from supporting details print and graphic • multiple texts into subtopics Includes interesting word choice features specific and relevant details print and graphic features • ٠ Includes an word choice that helps the ٠ Introduction Chooses an organizational structure reader visualize print and graphic features Conclusion • meaningful transitions • Chooses an organizational structure and explains why it fits their purpose best

Success Criteria for Proficient in Writing Informational Texts:

The student can:

- use a writing process to compose an informational piece.
- select own topic to write about.
- choose a purpose for writing, keeping the reader in mind.
- stay focused on a central idea.
- include specific and relevant details.
- include word choice that helps the reader visualize.
- include print and graphic features in writing.
- include meaningful transitions.
- choose an organizational structure and explain why it best fits the purpose.



Learning Progression for Competency 3: Edits Own Writing

The student edits their own writing for grade appropriate conventions.

| Developing | Progressing | Proficient | Advanced |
|---|--|---|---|
| Edits using available resources to correct some errors | Edits using available resources to correct most errors | Drafts using correct conventions and uses available resources and mentors to correct errors | Reflects on past convention errors and does not make the same mistakes |
| | | | Explains how their editing moves improved the quality of their writing and helped achieved their purpose |
| Success Criteria for Proficient in Edit | s Own Writing: | | |
| The student can: All Quarters draft using correct convention reread writing. use available resources and resource | | | |
| use a comma and but to join use a comma and or to join s open and close words spoker use punctuation with dialogu use prepositions and prepositions | in their writing. | vriting. writing. riting. | se. |